There are no mechanisms in place to conduct a joint assessment of the national health sector plan. No regular procedures are in place to encourage mutual accountability.

Only UNICEF has reported the planned resources for the next 3 years; WHO, GAVI and Global Fund have reported it for 2 years. This is due to the lack of a coordination mechanism.

The DPs and the MoH have no information regarding the resources that are recorded in the government’s national budget.

For more detailed and disaggregated information on the data presented please visit www.internationalhealthpartnership.net/guineabissau.
60% of DPs (Global Fund, EU, WHO) use national PFM systems, however, they confirm that there are still many challenges.

Government consults CSOs in the design, implementation or monitoring of national health policies.

87% of CSOs confirm they are consulted.

Government provides financial resources.

7% of CSOs receive financial resources.

60% of DPs consult CSOs when developing their cooperation programme.

85% of CSOs confirm they are consulted.

Government provides training support.

36% of CSOs receive training support.

40% of DPs provide technical assistance.

27% of CSOs receive technical assistance.

20% of DPs provide financial resources.

33% of CSOs receive financial resources.

Private Sector Engagement

The private sector would like the government to acknowledge its role.

The private sector needs more support and recognizes they need to be better organized.

There should be more frequent and formal contact established with the government.

Formal contact with the government only happens during negotiations with the unions.

The existing legal framework does not favor the performance of the private sector and should be reviewed along with the political will to collaborate and the acknowledgement of the role the private sector can play.