**Commitment**

**To establish strong health sector strategies which are jointly assessed, and strengthen accountability**

**Partners support a single national health strategy**

- **PD**: 100% of participating DPs confirm they align their support with the national (or sub-national/sector) Health Sector Strategy.
- **OSC**: 25% of participating stakeholders that supported the joint assessment.

**Health development cooperation is more predictable**

- **Government funds disbursed according to agreed schedules**: 100% in 2005/2007, 92% in 2010/2011, 60% in 2012/2013, 91% in 2015.
- **DP funds disbursed to the government according to agreed schedules**: 100% in 2005/2007, 92% in 2010/2011, 60% in 2012/2013, 84% in 2015.

**Predictability of funds for the future**

- 25% of participating DPs have communicated their planned resources for the next 3 years to the MoH.

**Mutual accountability is strengthened**

- A national M&E plan for the National Health Strategy exists? Yes.
- 50% of participating DPs only use national health sector indicators to monitor their support.
- 0% of participating DPs confirm they participated in the mutual accountability processes.

**Health aid is on budget**

- % of DP funds reported on budget: 18% in 2015, 49% in 2012/2013, 100% in 2010/2011.

Data as reported by DPs. According to MOH data only 30% of the funds are recorded in the budget.

**Legend**

- **Data colour codes**: According to MOH data only 30% of the funds are recorded in the budget.
- **Symbols**: Yes, Did not participate in monitoring round, Unknown or not applicable.
**COMMITMENT**

**TO ESTABLISH, STRENGTHEN AND USE COUNTRY SYSTEMS**

**PUBLIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (PFM) SYSTEMS ARE STRENGTHENED AND USED**

- **Are PFM systems of sufficiently good quality?**

  - 2005: 3
  - 2010: 3
  - 2012: 3
  - 2014: 3

- **Percentage of DP funds using PFM systems**

  - 2005/07: 0%
  - 2010/11: 0%
  - 2012/13: 0%
  - 2015: 96%

Source: World Bank, CPIA data 2014

**50%**

50% of participating DPs confirm that sufficient support on PFM systems strengthening and capacity building is in place.

Data obtained from 3 DPs (Global Fund, WHO and World Bank): use of the PFM system is considered a positive and encouraging development.

**PROCUREMENT AND SUPPLY SYSTEMS ARE STRENGTHENED AND USED**

- **A government plan for national procurement and supply exist?**

  - 75%

- **75% of participating DPs use the national procurement and supply systems.**

**50%**

50% of participating DPs confirm that sufficient support on procurement or supply systems strengthening and capacity building is in place.

**TECHNICAL SUPPORT IS COORDINATED AND SOUTH-SOUTH COOPERATION SUPPORTS LEARNING**

- **An agreed national TA plan exists?**

  - 25%

- **25% of participating DPs provide TA in line with the national plan.**

- **Does the Ministry of Health benefit from south-south cooperation?**

  - TOUJOURS

- **100% of participating DPs support South-South cooperation.**

**COMMITMENT**

**TO CREATE AN ENABLING ENVIRONMENT FOR CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANISATIONS AND PRIVATE SECTOR PARTICIPATION IN THE HEALTH SECTOR**

**CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANISATIONS ENGAGEMENT**

**What space does the government provide for CSOs to effectively participate in health sector policy, planning and monitoring?**

- **Government consults CSOs in the design, implementation or monitoring of national health policies.**

  - 85% of CSOs confirm they are consulted.

- **Government provides financial resources.**

  - 31% of CSOs receive financial resources.

- **Government provides training support.**

  - 46% of CSOs receive training support.

**How effectively is the participation of CSOs in national health policy processes supported by development partners?**

- **75% of DPs consult CSOs when developing their cooperation programme.**

  - 75% of DPs confirm they are consulted.

- **75% of DPs provide financial resources.**

  - 75% of CSOs receive financial resources.

- **100% of DPs provide technical assistance.**

  - 60% of CSOs receive technical assistance.

**PRIVATE SECTOR ENGAGEMENT**

It seems difficult to engage the private sector in public health activities.

Source: World Bank, CPIA data 2014

http://www.ihpplusresults.net/cameroon